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| 1  | HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 35   |
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| 2  | INTRODUCED BY E. ARNTZEN  |
| 3  |   |
| 4  | A JOINT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF                                   |
| 5  | MONTANA REQUESTING AN INTERIM STUDY TO INVESTIGATE THE OPTIONS FOR PROVIDING A                                      |
| 6  | COMPREHENSIVE STATE POLICY TO AUTHORIZE THE ADMINISTRATION OF PRESCRIBED  |
| 7  | MEDICATIONS TO STUDENTS DURING THE SCHOOL DAY BY A PARENT-DESIGNATED SCHOOL   |
| 8  | EMPLOYEE OR BY STUDENT SELF-ADMINISTRATION; AND REQUIRING THAT THE FINAL RESULTS OF                                 |
| 9  | THE STUDY BE REPORTED TO THE 60TH LEGISLATURE.  |
| 10 |   |
| 11 | WHEREAS, in 2003, the Montana Legislature enacted House Bill No. 573, codified, in part, at section                 |
| 12 | 20-5-412, MCA, which allowed a parent or guardian of a diabetic student to designate a school district employee     |
| 13 | to administer glucagon to the student at school in an emergency situation; and                                      |
| 14 | WHEREAS, the 2005 Legislature is considering House Bill No. 396, which, if enacted, will allow public               |
| 15 | and nonpublic school students to carry and self-administer prescribed asthma medication while at school; and        |
| 16 | WHEREAS, parents of school-age children have expressed concern that the Montana law does no                         |
| 17 | allow either a parent-designated school district employee to administer or the student to self-administer other     |
| 18 | important medications, such as insulin, that are required for a student's daily well-being; and                     |
| 19 | WHEREAS, although Montana law shields school districts from liability for a parent-designated                       |
| 20 | employee who administers glucagon to a diabetic student and may provide liability protection for any injury         |
| 21 | arising out of a student's self-administration of a prescribed asthma medication, the failure of the Legislature to |
| 22 | provide a comprehensive policy that covers all types of prescribed medications subjects a school district to        |
| 23 | possible liability if the district allows parent-approved student access to prescribed medications not authorized   |
| 24 | by law.   |
| 25 |   |
| 26 | NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF                                    |
| 27 | THE STATE OF MONTANA:   |
| 28 | That the Legislative Council be requested to designate an appropriate interim committee, pursuant to                |
| 29 | section 5-5-217, MCA, or direct sufficient staff resources to:  |



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(1) investigate the types of prescribed medications that students may need access to while at school;

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| (2) determine whether those prescribed medications could be administered by a parent-designation | itec |
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| school employee or self-administered by the student; and   |      |

- (3) if parent-designation or self-administration is reasonable, provide authority to school districts to allow for administration while ensuring liability protection for the school district and its employees.
- BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that if the study is assigned to staff, any findings or conclusions be presented to and reviewed by an appropriate committee designated by the Legislative Council.
  - BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that all aspects of the study, including presentation and review requirements, be concluded prior to September 15, 2006.
- 9 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the final results of the study, including any findings, conclusions, 10 comments, or recommendations of the appropriate committee, be reported to the 60th Legislature.

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